## PRACTICE Exam 1: Chapter 2

Math 90, Elementary Algebra

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100 points

Show all work to receive full credit. You may use a calculator. CHECK YOUR WORK!!!!

Solve the following equations for the unknown. (6 pts each)

1. 
$$7x+10-6x=0$$

2. 
$$2y-5=-10+10y$$

3. 
$$18x + 7x - 9x = 32$$

**4.** 
$$-(4y-8)-(-3y-3)=-3$$

5. 
$$\frac{2}{3}j = \frac{5}{9}$$

**6.** 
$$\frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{3}x = 5$$

7. 
$$-2(-8x+8) + 2(5+6x) = 4+4x+5(12+5x)$$

8. 
$$\frac{3r-3}{r} = \frac{7}{9}$$

(8 pts each) For the next two problems (9 & 10), translate the following sentences into equations and solve for the unknowns:

**9.** Five times a number equals 8 less than 6 times the number. Find the number.

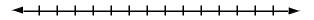
10. If 7 is added to a number and the sum is doubled, the result is 14 less than the number. Find the number.

11. (8 pts) Solve for the specified variable: P = 2L + 2W for W

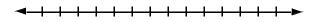
12. (8 pts) Which is the best buy for a popular breakfast cereal?

15-oz size: \$2.69 20-oz size: \$3.29 25.5-oz size: \$3.49 For problems 13, 14, & 15, solve each inequality and graph the solution set. Write your solutions using interval notation also.

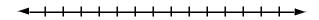
**13.** (6 pts) 
$$9x < 45$$



**14.** (6 pts) 
$$4x-3x>10-4x+7x$$



**15.** (8 pts) 
$$9 < 3m + 5 \le 20$$





If the first and third of three consecutive odd integers are added, the result is 51 less than 5 times the second integer. Find all three odd integers.